

- 1 $A = x + y + z$, $B = 2x - y - z$, $C = x - y - 3z$ とする。次の式を計算せよ。

$$(1) \quad 2(A - B) - (B - C)$$

$$(2) \quad 3(A+C) - 2(2B - A)$$

〔解答〕 (1) $-3x + 4y + 2z$ (2) $6y$

解説

A, B, Cのまま計算して式を簡単にする

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1) \quad & 2(A-B)-(B-C) = 2A - 2B - B + C = 2A - 3B + C \quad \leftarrow \text{ここで代入する。} \\
 & = 2(x+y+z) - 3(2x-y-z) + (x-y-3z) \quad \text{必ずかっこをつけること。} \\
 & = 2(x+y+z) + (-3) \cdot (2x-y-z) + (x-y-3z) \quad \leftarrow \text{ここは中身がそのまま出てくる} \\
 & = 2x + 2y + 2z - 6x + 3y + 3z + x - y - 3z \\
 & = -3x + 4y + 2z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2) \quad 3(A+C) - 2(2B-A) &= 3(A+C) + (-2) \cdot (2B-A) \quad \text{ここで代入する。} \\
 &= 3A + 3C - 4B + 2A = 5A - 4B + 3C \\
 &= 5(x+y+z) - 4(2x-y-z) + 3(x-y-3z) \\
 &= 5(x+y+z) + (-4) \cdot (2x-y-z) + 3(x-y-3z) \\
 &= 5x + 5y + 5z - 8x + 4y + 4z + 3x - 3y - 9z \\
 &= 6y
 \end{aligned}$$

- 2 次の式を展開せよ。

$$(1) \quad (2m+5)(m-2)$$

$$(2) \quad (4x-5a)(4x+5a)$$

$$(3) \quad (-x-2)^2$$

$$(4) \quad (x-a)(a+x)$$

$$(5) \quad (x - a + 1)^2$$

$$(6) \quad (a+b-c)(a-b+c)$$

〔解答〕 (1) $2m^2 + m - 10$ (2) $16x^2 - 25a^2$ (3) $x^2 + 4x + 4$ (4) $x^2 - a^2$

$$(5) \quad x^2 - 2ax + a^2 + 2x - 2a + 1 \quad (6) \quad a^2 - b^2 + 2bc - c^2$$

解説

$$\begin{aligned}
 (1) \quad & (2m+5)(m-2) = 2 \cdot 1m^2 + \underline{2 \cdot (-2) + 5 \cdot 1}m + 5 \cdot (-2) = 2m^2 + m - 10 \\
 (2) \quad & (4x-5a)(4x+5a) = (4x)^2 - (5a)^2 = 16x^2 - 25a^2 \xrightarrow{(A+B)(A-B)=A^2-B^2} \\
 (3) \quad & (-x-2)^2 = \{(-x) + (-2)\}^2 = (-x)^2 + 2 \cdot (-x) \cdot (-2) + (-2)^2 = x^2 + 4x + 4 \xrightarrow{(A+B)^2=A^2+2AB+B^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\text{別解}} \quad (-x-2)^2 = -(x+2)^2 = [(-1) \cdot (x+2)]^2 = (-1)^2 \cdot (x+2)^2$$

$$= x^2 + 2 \cdot x \cdot 2 + 2^2 \quad (-1)^2 = 1$$

$$= x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$(4) \quad (x-a)(a+x) = (x-a)(x+a) = x^2 - a^2$$

$$(5) \quad (x-a+1)^2 = \{(x-a)+1\}^2 \quad \equiv (M+1)^2$$

$$= (x-a)^2 + 2(x-a) + 1^2 \quad \text{---} \quad = M^2 + 2M + 1$$

$$= x^2 - 2ax + a^2 + 2x - 2a + 1 \quad \text{--- } M \text{ を戻す}$$

$$(6) \quad (a+b-c)(a-b+c) = \overline{[a+(b-c)][a-(b-c)]} \quad \text{--->} \quad b-c=M \text{ とおくと}$$

$$= a^2 - (b - c)^2 \quad \{a + (b - c)\}$$

$$-v + i = -(v - i) \in \mathfrak{g}_{\mathbb{R}}$$

$$= (a + M)(a - M)$$

$$= a^2 - M^2$$

$$= a^2 - (b^2 - 2bc + c^2)$$

$$= a^2 - b^2 + 2bc - c^2$$

